

passionate

rebel

and **anarchic**

spirit

who believed in

social changes

Module 4 2nd-generation Romantic poets

Nature as his

main source

of inspiration

(pantheism in

his first poems)



Percy Bysshe

Shelley

Ode to the West

Wind (1820),

To a Skylark (1820),

Adonais (1821)

2nd-generation Romantic poets



George Gordon Byron **John Keats**

concept of the artist as a superior being (Neoplatonic and idealist philosophies) tension between opposite tendencies:

- real vs unreal
- society vs solitude
 democracy vs
 - democracy vs leading heroes

La Belle Dame Sans Merci, Ode to a Grecian Urn, Ode to Autumn, Hyperion

(1819)

his life and works pivot on **heroism**

Romantic hero:

- unable to live in harmony with himself or the world
 - tragic destiny
- striving towards the Infinite

Childe Harolde's
Pilgrimage (1812)
'Byronic hero':
glamorous,
haunted by guilt,
dangerously adventurous,
torn between solitude

and fits of energy